

Príloha 2 – Gaussova eliminácia

Implementácia na jednom procesore

```
void GSolve(double **a, int n, double *x)
{
    int i,j,k;
    double tmp;

    for (k = 0; k < n - 1; k++)
        for (i = k + 1; i < n; i++) {
            a[i][k] = a[i][k] / a[k][k];
            for (j = k + 1; j < n + 1; j++)
                a[i][j] = a[i][j] - a[i][k] * a[k][j];
        }

    //backwards substitution
    for (i = n - 1; i >= 0; i--) {
        tmp = a[i][n];
        for (j = i + 1; j < n; j++)
            tmp = a[i][j] * x[j];
        x[i] = tmp / a[i][i];
    }
}
```

Implementácia pomocou OpenMP

```
#define PROC(x) ((x) % nid)
#define MAP(x) (PROC(x) == id)
void GSolve(double **a, int n, double *x) {
    int i,j,k;
    double tmp;

#pragma omp parallel shared (a)
{
    id = omp_get_thread_num();
    nid = omp_get_num_threads();

    for (k = 0; k < n - 1; k++) {
        for (i = k + 1; i < n; i++) {
            //only if we're the processor that handles i
            if (MAP(i)) {
                a[i][k] = a[i][k] / a[k][k];
                for (j = k + 1; j < n + 1; j++)
                    a[i][j] = a[i][j] - a[i][k] * a[k][j];
            }
        }
    }

    //backwards substitution
    for (i = n - 1; i >= 0; i--) {
        tmp = a[i][n];
        for (j = i + 1; j < n; j++)
            tmp = a[i][j] * x[j];
        x[i] = tmp / a[i][i];
    }
}
```

Implementácia pomocou MPI

```
#define PROC(x) ((x) % nid)
#define MAP(x) (PROC(x) == id)
void GSolve(double **a, int n, double *x)
{
    int i,j,k;
    double tmp;

    //Is row 0 assigned to me? Broadcast row 0 if yes, receive it otherwise.
    MPI_Bcast ((char *) a[0], rowsize, MPI_CHAR, PROC(0), MPI_COMM_WORLD);
```

```

for (k = 0; k < n - 1; k++) {
    for (i = k + 1; i < n; i++) {
        //only if we're the processor that handles i
        if (MAP(i)) {
            a[i][k] = a[i][k] / a[k][k];
            for (j = k + 1; j < n + 1; j++)
                a[i][j] = a[i][j] - a[i][k] * a[k][j];
        }
    }
    //if I am assigned to k+1, broadcast row k+1, else receive it
    MPI_Bcast ((char *) a[k+1], rowsize, MPI_CHAR, PROC(k+1), MPI_COMM_WORLD);
}

//backwards substitution
for (i = n - 1; i >= 0; i--) {
    if (id == 0) {
        if (!MAP(i))
            //receive this row
            MPI_Recv ((char *) a[i], rowsize, MPI_CHAR, PROC(i), 0,
                      MPI_COMM_WORLD, MPI_STATUS_IGNORE);
        tmp = a[i][n];
        for (j = i + 1; j < n; j++)
            tmp -= a[i][j] * x[j];
        x[i] = tmp / a[i][i];
    }
    else
        if (MAP(i))
            //send this row to process 0
            MPI_Send ((char *) a[i], rowsize, MPI_CHAR, 0, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
}
}

```

Hlavný program – posielanie údajov procesorom:

```

if (id == 0) {
    for (i = 0; i < SIZE; i++)
    {
        for (j = 0; j < SIZE + 1; j++)
            a[i][j] = (double) (random() % 1000 + 1);
        if (PRCC(i) != 0)
            //send the row to its processor
            MPI_Send ((char *) a[i], rowsize, MPI_CHAR, PROC(i), 0,
                      MPI_COMM_WORLD);
    }
}
else
    for (i = 0; i < SIZE; i++)
        if (MAP(i))
            //receive this row from processor 0
            MPI_Recv ((char *) a[i], rowsize, MPI_CHAR, 0, 0,
                      MPI_COMM_WORLD, MPI_STATUS_IGNORE);
GSolve (a, SIZE, x);

```